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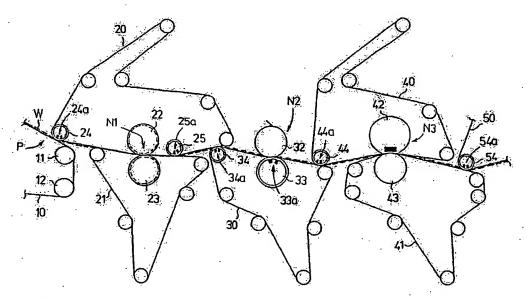
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(54) Title: PRESS SECTION IN A PAPER OR BOARD MACHINE



(57) Abstruct: The invention relates to a press section in a paper or board machine, in which press section the transfer of a web (W) is accomplished as a closed draw through the press section and which press section is provided with at least three separate press nips (N1, N2, N3), dewatering in the first nip (N1) of said nips taking place on two sides. The closed draw of the web (W) through the press section is accomplished as a substantially straight run and that the press nips each have their own fabric loops (20, 21; 30; 40, 41), that the nips (N2, N3) following after the first nip (N1) have one water-receiving fabric (30, 40), which is placed in the nip (N2, N3) on the opposite side of the web (W) with respect to the other nip in the running direction of the web in the machine.

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Press section in a paper or board machine

The invention relates to a press section in a paper or board machine according to the preamble of claim 1.

The invention relates to a paper or board machine which is provided with at least a forming section, a press section and a dryer section and in which the press section is provided with separate press nips. In this patent application, by a separate press nip is meant a press nip in which opposing press members define only one press nip. A separate press nip can be a roll nip or an extended nip. The opposite of a separate press nip is a press which is provided with a centre roll and in which the centre roll forms press nips with at least two other rolls.

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FI patent application 990557 discloses a method and an arrangement for treating a paper or board web. Figs. 4-6 show control of the surface properties of a web with chemicals, and examples suitable for a smoothing press nip. In these exemplifying embodiments, a tandem transfer belt is used underneath in the second and third nips. Dewatering is not symmetric because dewatering takes place in both directions in the first nip, upwards in the second nip, and no dewatering takes place in the third nip, but, instead, there is smoothing and application of the web because belts are placed on both sides of the web. Thus, the third press nip of these embodiments does not increase dry solids even though it improves the surface properties of the web, thus increasing the overall length of the paper machine.

FI patent 95610 discloses a press section of a paper machine provided with a smoothing press. The paper web has a closed and supported draw through the press section and the press section comprises at least two successive separate press nips, dewatering of the paper web being carried out at least in the first one



of said press nips, preferably between two press fabrics that receive water. The last press nip in the press section is a smoothing press nip which is separate from the preceding nip and in which no substantial dewatering is performed. The paper web is passed through the smoothing press nip from the preceding dewatering press nip on a transfer belt substantially not receiving water, on its substantially straight run, which is continued after the smoothing nip as a run of substantially the same direction, on which run some of the elongation of the paper web in the machine direction can be compensated for, which elongation takes place in the smoothing nip, by a difference in speed of the transfer belt.

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US patent 6,210,530 discloses a press section and a method for pressing with shoe presses of different lengths. Fig. 2 shows an embodiment comprising three shoe press units in which the web is first passed through the first and the second shoe press unit which are placed underneath a counter roll, i.e. underneath the web, and the third shoe press is placed above a counter roll, i.e. above the web.

FI patent application 981089 discloses a press section of a paper machine applying one or more press nips, through which the paper web to be pressed is passed as a substantially closed draw and in which press section there is at least one press nip provided with two water-receiving press felt, through which press nip the paper web runs between the press felts and after which last-mentioned nip the paper web is separated from one of the press felts and transferred on support of the other press felt substantially as a closed draw further. The last nip in the press section is an extended nip zone, in which one roll is a shoe roll provided with a hose shell and with a press shoe arrangement and the other roll is a press suction roll provided with a suction zone. The paper web is passed through the last extended nip zone between two water-receiving press fabrics and directly after the last extended nip zone the paper web is separated from one of the press fabrics and transferred, with the aid of a vacuum present in a suction zone of said press section roll, to follow the press fabric placed at the side of said press suction roll without substantial rewetting, and the paper web is passed on the latter press

fabric as a closed draw onto a drying wire or equivalent of a dryer section following after the press section, onto which drying wire or equivalent the web is transferred as a suction roll transfer or by means of an equivalent arrangement.

FI patent application 961518 discloses press section geometries in which a press section provided with a closed draw of a web in a paper or board machine comprises a first water-receiving upper fabric onto which the web is transferred on a suction zone of a pick-up roll from a forming wire at a pick-up point situated after its suction roll and after that there is a wire drive roll, from which the return 10 run of the wire begins. The press comprises one or two successive press nips which press water from the web and between which the web has a totally closed draw such that it is supported by a fabric all the time. The press nips removing water are so-called extended nips, whose press zone is substantially longer than that of a sharp roll nip, and all press nips are additionally provided with two 15 water-receiving press fabrics so that water is removed in them substantially symmetrically through both surfaces of the web. In addition, the embodiments shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 3 make use of a lightly loaded transfer nip, which nip is defined by a press roll, provided with a recessed surface and disposed within an upper wire loop, together with a first drying cylinder or equivalent.

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One problem in the press sections known in the state of the art is absorption asymmetry, which is caused because the composition/structure of the web in the thickness direction changes in every pressing operation in which water is not removed in an equal amount in both directions because some of the fines and filler material of the web is washed with water. Fines accumulate in the surface parts of the web where dewatering has been stronger. The problem can also be affected in a wire section but the press is the last dewatering member by which the problem can actually be affected. Even in good paper, the middle layer becomes poor in fines but on both sides of the web there is an equal amount of fines moving and adhering close to the surfaces.



In surface topography, missing dots in the print and the absorption of the top and bottom surfaces of paper and its asymmetry are a significant drawback in modern press sections having a closed draw when these are applied to printing paper. When the speed increases so that it is over 2000 m/min, closed draw provides a considerable runnability benefit in speed potential and efficiency. One object of the invention is to develop further a press section that has a closed draw and is suitable for speeds over 1800 m/min and advantageously over 2000 m/min, at which there are no problems with surface topography and absorption symmetry described above.

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One object of the invention is to provide a press section of a paper or board machine which makes it possible to optimize surface topography and absorption at a speed over 1800 m/min and advantageously over 2000 m/min.

With a view to achieving the objects described above as well as those which will come out later, the press section according to the invention is mainly characterized in what is stated in the characterizing part of claim 1.

In the press section of a paper or board machine in accordance with the invention, closed draw through the press section is accomplished as a substantially straight run and the press section includes at least three separate press nips which do not have any fabric loops in common with one another.

In the press section in accordance with the invention, the first press nip in the running direction of the web is a roll nip or a press suction roll nip, advantageously at lower speeds of over 1800 m/min, but with speeds increasing over 2000 m/min and with increasing dewatering need, an extended nip becomes an advantageous alternative. It is conceivable that in the case of three nips at high speeds all the nips are extended nips and, on the other hand, in the case of more nips than three at a lower speed mere roll nips can be used. The next two nips each have only one water-receiving fabric, which is placed in each nip on the



opposite side of paper with respect to the other nip in the machine direction. In said successive nips, both sides of the web are smoothed/evened out one at a time mechanically against a smooth surface, which smooth surface can be a smooth roll, known from a centre roll arrangement, or a transfer belt. In that connection, removal of water from the web takes place in the nip only in a direction away from the smooth surface, i.e. to the side of the water-receiving fabric. By this means, in the successive nips an equal amount of fines affecting absorption is provided in the vicinity of both surfaces.

- Transfer from the press section in accordance with the invention to a dryer section takes place, as known in itself, from a transfer belt, and in the embodiments in which a smooth surface is in an upper position in the last nip of the press section, transfer from a lower felt is used.
- In the smoothing/evening out nips provided with a smooth roll or a transfer belt in 15 the press section in accordance with the invention, there is a water-receiving press fabric and a press roll on the other side. With lower load needs it is possible to use an ordinary press suction roll, and at higher loads it is advantageous to use a press suction roll that is manufactured by means of powder metallurgy, in which case the wall thickness of the suction roll need not be increased. For example, by 20 means of the suctions of the last smoothing nips it is ensured that the web follows the felt, and a high load is not necessarily needed. Similarly, in the roll/extended nips at the beginning, increased dewatering is achieved by means of a higher load using a suction roll of powder metallurgy. A press suction roll manufactured by means of powder metallurgy is described, for example, in FI patent 100422. The 25 suction roll assures that the web remains on the surface of a porous fabric so that it shall not start following the more adhesive smooth surface of a roll/transfer belt. The smooth surfaces of press nips also affect the surfaces of the web mechanically, evening out the decrease of smoothness caused by coarse press 30 fabrics. Shoe presses can also be used in connection with the invention.



The press section in accordance with the invention provides good surfac properties of the web in respect of printability and also makes it possible to us high speeds, over 1800 m/min and advantageously over 2000 m/min, and enable good efficiency with a good moisture profile.

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The press section in accordance with the invention also facilitates the adjustment of two-sidedness that takes place further in the paper machine line and which can be performed mainly by means of calendering and application of chemicals. The bulk possibly lost during pressing can be saved later by means of lighter calendering, which can be optimized further according to other desired surface properties, as there is no need to correct absorption symmetry. On the other hand when press dry solids increase in more press nips than conventional, it may be possible to manage with a shorter dryer section even though the press section becomes longer.

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In one advantageous embodiment of the invention there are three press nips, a closed draw of the web through the press section and, in the first nip, dewatering takes place on two sides, thus providing a symmetric web. After the first nip, the web is transferred from the surface of an upper felt to a second press and, in the second nip, dewatering takes place downwards and the upper surface of the web is either against a smooth roll or a smooth transfer belt. In the third nip, dewatering takes place upwards and the lower surface of the web is against a transfer belt and the transfer of the web is from a lower fabric to a dryer section. In accordance with one advantageous additional feature, a roll press is placed after the first nip in the second press, whereby a sufficient material displacement is achieved in the second nip, i.e. displacement of fines to the side of the lower surface of the web. At the same time, the smoothness of the upper surface of the web improves because it is pressed against a smooth surface.



In the following, some embodiments of the invention are described with reference to the figures of the appended drawing, but the invention is not meant to be exclusively limited to the details of the figures.

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Figure 1A is a schematic view of one embodiment of the invention.

Figure 1B is a schematic view of one variant of the first press nip in the embodiment of the invention shown in Fig. 1A.

10 Figure 2A is a schematic view of a second embodiment of the invention.

Figure 2B is a schematic view of one alternative application of the embodiment of the invention shown in Fig. 2A.

15 Figure 3 is a schematic view of a third embodiment of the invention.

In the following figures, the same reference numerals are used of parts that correspond to one another.

In Fig. 1A, a web W formed in a forming section is passed to a pick-up point P situated on a forming wire 10 before reversing rolls 11, 12 placed within the loop of the forming wire 10. The pick-up point P is formed between the forming wire 10 and a roll 24 placed within the loop of a first water-receiving press felt 20 and provided with a suction sector 24a, so that the web W runs at the pick-up point P between the forming wire 10 and the first press felt 20. At the pick-up point P, the web W is separated from the forming wire 10 and transferred to be supported by the first press felt 20. After that, the web W is transferred on support of the lower surface of the first press felt 20 to a first press nip N1, which is defined by two recessed surface press rolls 22 and 23 to form therebetween a roll nip N1 or a press suction roll nip (Fig. 1B), in which case the upper roll 22 is a press suction roll provided with a suction zone and the other roll 23 is a recessed surface roll. In



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that connection, a felt suction roll 25 can be omitted. The web W runs in the first press nip N1 between the first water-receiving press felt 20 serving as an upper press fabric and a first water-receiving press felt 21 serving as a lower press fabric. Dewatering of the web W takes place in the first press nip N1 into both press felts 20, 21. In the embodiments which use a press suction roll, water is also removed through a suction zone into the suction roll.

After the first press nip N1, the travel of the web W with the upper press felt 20 is assured by means of a vacuum in a suction zone 25a of an upper suction roll 25, and the web W is separated from the first press felt 20 by means of a vacuum in a suction zone 34a of a lower transfer suction roll 34 and caused to adhere to a second lower press fabric 30, which may also be a press felt, on the upper surface of which the web W is transferred to a second press nip N2, which is defined between a roll 32 and a press suction roll 33 provided with a suction zone 33a. The suction zone 33a of the suction roll 33 preferably has a large sector and a high vacuum, assuring that the web adheres to the desired felt already before the press nip and follows the felt after the nip in order that the web should not follow the. smooth roll. After that, the web W is transferred on support of the second press fabric 30 and transferred by means of a suction zone 44a of a transfer suction roll 44 to be supported by a subsequent upper press felt 40 and to a third press nip N3, which is defined between an extended nip press roll 42 and a counter roll 43. Underneath there is a transfer belt 41, by means of which the web W is passed to a transfer suction roll 54 having a suction zone 54a, by means of which the web is transferred onto a drying wire 50 of a dryer section. Dewatering of the web W takes place in the third press nip N3 into the upper press felt 40.

The embodiment shown in Fig. 2A mainly corresponds to the embodiment described in connection with Fig. 1A and its variants, but in the embodiment shown in Fig. 2A, the second press nip N2 is formed such that in the second nip 42 there is an upper transfer belt 31 and as the lower fabric 30, as in the embodiment shown in Fig. 1A, there is a press felt 30. From the second nip N2



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the web W is passed on the lower surface of the transfer belt 31 onto a transfer fabric 60, onto which the web W is transferred by means of a suction zone 64a of a transfer suction roll 64 and on support of the felt 60 the web W is passed by means of a suction zone 44a of a suction roll 44 to be transferred so as to be supported by the upper fabric 40 of the third press nip N3.

The embodiment of the invention shown in Fig. 2B mainly corresponds to the embodiment shown in Fig. 2A except that each nip N1, N2, N3 has been formed into an extended nip, in which one roll is an extended nip roll 22; 33; 42 and the other roll is its counter roll 23; 32; 43.

Fig. 3 shows an embodiment of the invention in which the web W is passed from a forming wire 10 of a forming section before a reversing roll 11 to a pick-up point P, at which the web W is passed by means of a suction zone 24a of a suction roll 24 so as to be supported by a first water-receiving press felt 20 and the web W is passed to a first press nip N1, which is defined between two recessed surface press rolls 22, 23 or between a press suction roll and a recessed surface press roll (as in Fig. 1B). A lower press felt 21 also receives water. Adherence to the surface of the lower press felt 21 is assured by means of a vacuum in a suction zone 26a of a transfer suction roll 26 and the web W is passed by means of a vacuum in a suction zone 35a of a suction roll 35 so as to be supported by an upper press felt 31 of a second press nip N2. The second press nip N2 is formed into an extended nip press between an extended nip roll 32 and a counter roll 33. The lower fabric in this press nip N2 is a water-receiving press felt 30. On its support the web W is passed onto a transfer suction roll 44, and by means of a vacuum in a suction zone 44a of the transfer suction roll 44 the web W is passed to be supported by an upper felt 40, on which the web is passed to a third nip N3, which is a smoothing press nip formed between rolls 42 and 43. The roll 42 is a press suction roll which is provided with a suction zone 42a. Dewatering takes place into a suction zone 42a of the suction roll. The web is passed from the felt 40 to a subsequent felt 70 by means of a vacuum in a suction zone 74a of a suction roll 74, and by means of



the felt 70 the web is passed to a subsequent smoothing nip N4 formed between a press suction roll 73 and a suction roll 72. The suction zones 42a and 73a of the suction rolls 42 and 73 preferably have a large sector and a high vacuum, assuring that the web adheres to the desired felt already before the press nip and that it follows the felt after the nip in order that the web should not follow the smooth roll. After that, the web W is passed to a dryer section to be supported by a drying wire 50, as described above in connection with Figs. 1A and 2A. The embodiment in accordance with Fig. 3 can also be accomplished such that only one press nip that receives water in both directions is placed before the smoothing press nips N3, N4, in that case in the first press nip N1 there can be a nip defined by a shoe roll and a press suction roll.

Above, the invention has been described with reference to some of its advantageous exemplifying embodiments only, but the invention is by no means meant to be narrowly limited to the details of them.



Claims

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- A press section in a paper or board machine, in which press section the transfer of a web (W) is accomplished as a closed draw through the press section and which press section is provided with at least three separate press nips (N1, N2, N3), dewatering in the first nip (N1) of said nips taking place on two sides, characterized in that the closed draw of the web (W) through the press section is accomplished as a substantially straight run and that the press nips each have their own fabric loops (20, 21; 30, 31; 40, 41), that the nips (N2, N3) following after the first nip (N1) have one water-receiving fabric (30, 40), which is placed in the nip (N2, N3) on the opposite side of the web (W) with respect to the other nip in the running direction of the web in the machine.
- A press section as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the press section is
 arranged to be used at running speeds over 1800 m/min.
 - 3. A press section as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the press section is arranged to be used at running speeds over 2000 m/min.
- 4. A press section as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the first press nip (N1) is a roll nip (22, 23) or a press suction roll nip.
 - 5. A press section as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the first press nip (N1) is an extended nip or an extended/suction roll nip.

6. A press section as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that all the nips (N1, N2, N3) are extended nips.

7. A press section as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that in the nips (N2, N3) following after the first nip (N1), in so-called smoothing or evening out nips, the surface of the web (W) on the side opposite to the water-



receiving fabric (30, 40) is arranged to be smoothed either against a smooth roll (32) or against a transfer belt (31, 41).

- 8. A press section as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that
 5 after the first nip (N1) the press section comprises an extended nip (N2) and two
 smoothing nips (N3, N4).
 - 9. A press section as claimed in claim 7 or 8, characterized in that at least one of the rolls in the first two nips (N1, N2) is an extended nip roll.
 - 10. A press section as claimed in claim 8, characterized in that the nips (N1, N2, N3, N4) of the press section are all roll nips.
- 11. A press section as claimed in any one of claims 7 to 10, characterized in that a press roll (33, 42, 73) in a smoothing/evening out nip (N2; N3; N4) is a press suction roll manufactured by means of powder metallurgy.
- 12. A press section as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 11, characterized in that a press roll (22) in a press nip (N1) is a press suction roll manufactured by means
 20 of powder metallurgy.
 - 13. A press section as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 11, characterized in that at least one of the rolls in the press nips (N1, N2, N3, N4) is a press suction roll.
- 25 14. A press section as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 9 or 11 to 12, characterized in that at least one of the nips following after the first nip (N1) is an extended nip, i.e. a shoe press nip.
- 15. A press section as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that after the first nip (N1) the web (W) is arranged to be transferred from the

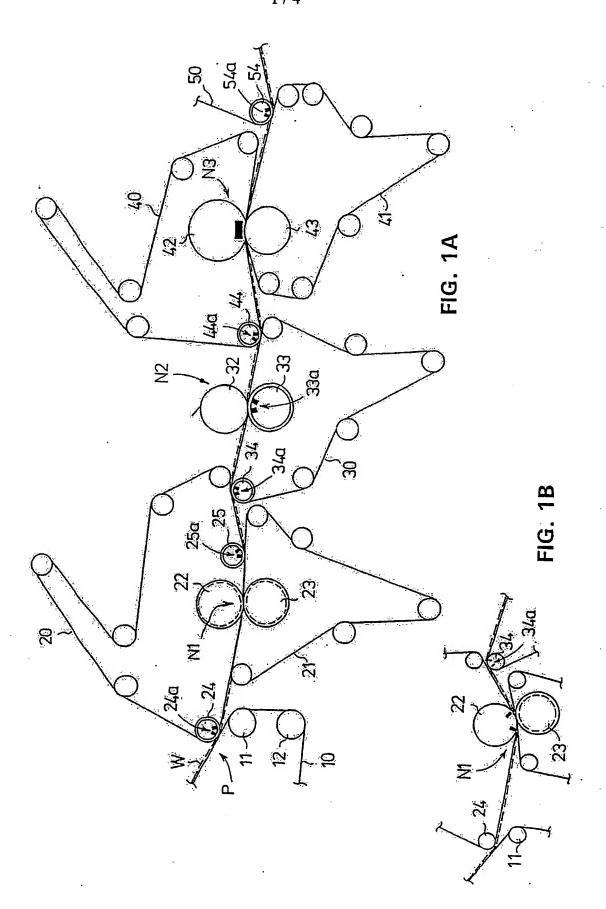


surface of an upper fabric (20) of the first nip (N1) onto a subsequent lower fabric/felt (30) of the press.

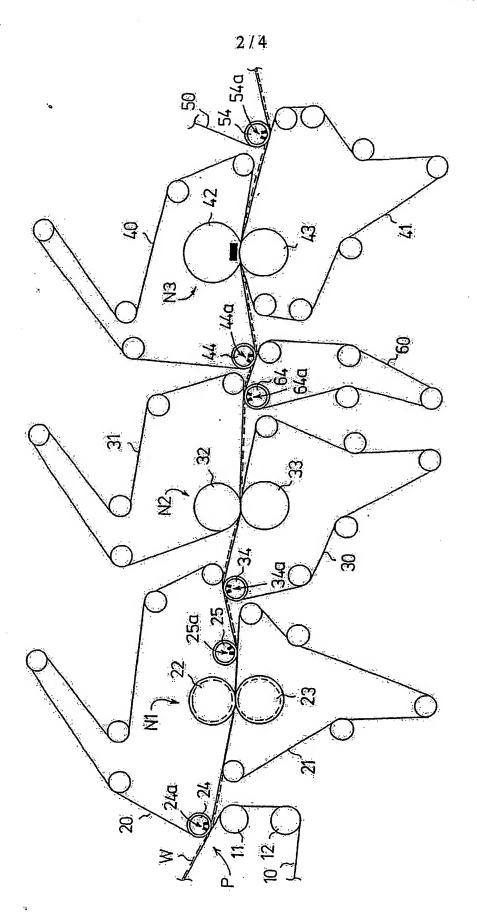
- 16. A press section as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that in the second press nip (N2) dewatering is downwards and the upper surface of the web (W) is either against a smooth roll (43) or against a smooth transfer belt (41) and that in the third nip (N3) dewatering is upwards and the lower surface of the web (W) is against a transfer belt (41).
- 17. A press section as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that from the last lower fabric loop of the press section the web (W) is arranged to be transferred as a closed draw onto a drying wire (50) of a dryer section.
- 18. A press section as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that in a smoothing nip provided with a counter roll without a fabric there is a large-sector press suction roll, whose sector begins before the nip and continues after it, on which the web is arranged to follow a press felt before the nip, while it passes through the nip and after it.

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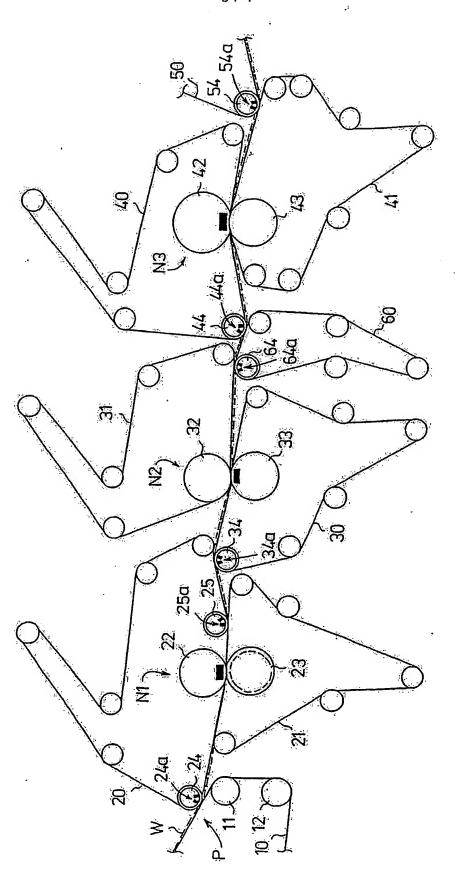
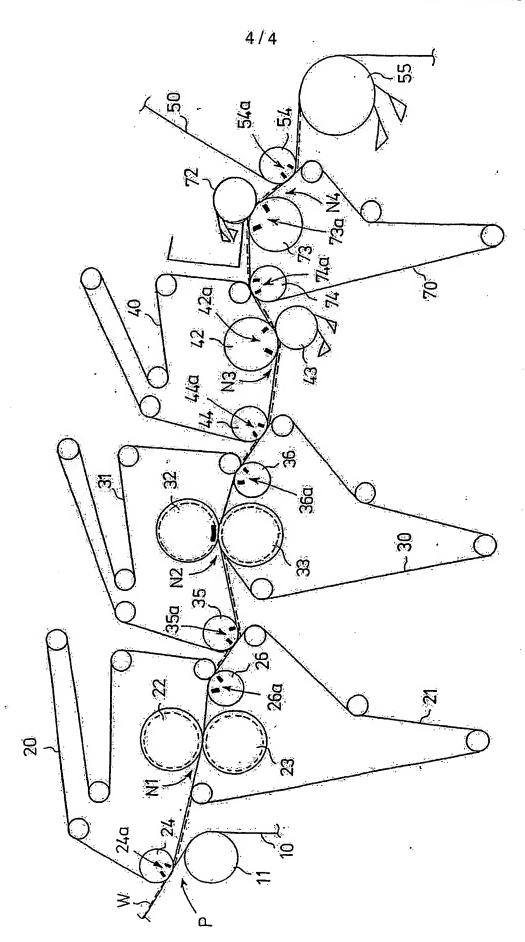


FIG. 2B







mational application No. PCT/FI 2003/000751

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC7: D21F 3/04
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC7: D21F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE, DK, FI, NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

WPI-DATA, EPO-INTERNAL

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	EP 0487483 A1 (VALMET PAPER MACHINERY INC.), 27 May 1992 (27.05.1992), column 7, line 26 - line 32; column 8, line 56 - column 9, line 35, figure 5	1-18
Y	US 6197156 B1 (ANTTI ILMARINEN), 6 March 2001 (06.03.2001), column 5, line 50 - line 55; column 9, line 13 - line 36	1-18
		:
X	FI 109481 B (METSO PAPER, INC.), 15 August 2002 (15.08.2002), page 2, line 30 - page 3, line 2	1-18
:		:

LXI	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box	C.	X See patent family annex.	
A	Special categories of cited documents: document defining the general state of the art which is not considered	*T:	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand	
	to be of particular relevance		the principle or theory underlying the invention	
"E"	earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date	"X"	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive	
"L"	document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other		step when the document is taken alone	
20.00	special reason (as specified)	*Y*	document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be	
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«Þ«	document published prior to the international filing date but later than		being obvious to a person skilled in the art	
	the priority date claimed	"&" d	document member of the same patent family	
Date	e of the actual completion of the international search	Date o	f mailing of the international search report	
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	ation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	·	<u> </u>
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant	ant passages	Relevant to claim N
A	WO 9713030 A1 (VALMET CORPORATION), 10 April 1 (10.04.1997), The whole document	1997	1-18
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